

## Zyto*Light* FISH-Tissue Implementation Kit

<b>REF</b> Z-2028-5	∑∑	5
<b>REF</b> Z-2028-20	) $\sum$	20

# For use in fluorescence *in situ* hybridization (FISH) procedures

### 4250380N177P



In vitro diagnostic medical device according to IVDR (EU) 2017/746

#### 1. Intended use

The <u>ZytoLight FISH-Tissue Implementation Kit</u> is intended to be used in combination with ZytoLight FISH probes on formalin-fixed, paraffinembedded specimens by fluorescence *in situ* hybridization (FISH).

The product is intended for professional use only. All tests using the product should be performed in a certified, licensed anatomic pathology laboratory under the supervision of a pathologist/human geneticist by qualified personnel.

#### 2. Test principle

The fluorescence *in situ* hybridization (FISH) technique allows for the detection and visualization of specific nucleic acid sequences in cell preparations. Fluorescently-labeled DNA fragments, so called FISH probes, and their complementary target DNA strands in the preparations are codenatured and subsequently allowed to anneal during hybridization. Afterwards, unspecific and unbound probe fragments are removed by stringency washing steps. After counterstaining the DNA with DAPI, hybridized probe fragments are visualized using a fluorescence microscope equipped with excitation and emission filters specific for the fluorochromes with which the FISH probe fragments have been directly labeled.

## 3. Reagents provided

The <u>ZytoLight FISH-Tissue Implementation Kit</u> is available in two sizes and is composed of:

	<b>a</b> .	Quantity		<b>a</b>
Code	Component	5 2	7 20	Confainer
PT1	Heat Pretreatment Solution Citric	150 ml	500 ml	Screw-cap bottle (large)
ES1	Pepsin Solution	1 ml	4 ml	Dropper bottle, white cap
WB1	Wash Buffer SSC	210 ml	560 ml	Screw-cap bottle (large)
WB2	<u>25x Wash Buffer A</u>	50 ml	2x50 ml	Screw-cap bottle (medium)
MT7	DAPI/DuraTect- Solution	0.2 ml	0.8 ml	Reaction vessel, blue lid
	Instructions for use	1	1	

<u>Z-2028-5 (5 tests</u>): Components **ES1** and **MT7** are sufficient for 5 reactions. Component **WB2** is sufficient for 5x 3 staining jars of 70 ml each. Component **PT1** is sufficient for 2 staining jars of 70 ml each. Component **WB1** is sufficient for 3 staining jars of 70 ml each.

<u>Z-2028-20 (20 tests)</u>: Components **ES1** and **MT7** are sufficient for 20 reactions. Component **WB2** is sufficient for 11x 3 staining jars of 70 ml each. Component **PT1** is sufficient for 7 staining jars of 70 ml each. Component **WB1** is sufficient for 8 staining jars of 70 ml each.

#### 4. Materials required but not provided

- Zyto Light FISH probe
- Positive and negative control specimens
- Microscope slides, positively charged
- Water bath (37°C, 98°C)
- Hybridizer or hot plate
- Hybridizer or humidity chamber in hybridization oven
- Adjustable pipettes (10 μl, 25 μl)
- Staining jars or baths
- Timer
- Calibrated thermometer
- Ethanol or reagent alcohol
- Xvlene
- Deionized or distilled water
- Coverslips (22 mm x 22 mm, 24 mm x 60 mm)
- Rubber cement, e.g., <u>Fixogum Rubber Cement</u> (Prod. No. E-4005-50/-125) or similar
- Adequately maintained fluorescence microscope (400-1000x)
- Immersion oil approved for fluorescence microscopy
- Appropriate filter sets

#### 5. Storage and handling

Store at 2-8 °C in an upright position. Additionally, the <u>DAPI/DuraTect-Solution</u> (**MT7**) must be stored protected from light. Return to storage conditions immediately after use. Do not use reagents beyond expiry date indicated on the label. The product is stable until expiry date indicated on the label when handled accordingly.

#### Vers. 1.1.1 EN

#### 6. Warnings and precautions

- Read the instructions for use prior to use!
- Do not use the reagents after the expiry date has been reached!
- This product contains substances (in low concentrations and volumes) that are harmful to health. Avoid any direct contact with the reagents. Take appropriate protective measures (use disposable gloves, protective glasses, and lab garments)!
- Report any serious incident that has occurred in relation to the product to the manufacturer and the competent authority according to local regulations!
- If reagents come into contact with skin, rinse skin immediately with copious amounts of water!
- A material safety data sheet is available on request for the professional user.
- Do not reuse reagents, unless reuse is explicitly permitted!
- Avoid cross-contamination of samples as this may lead to erroneous results.
- The specimens must not be allowed to dry during the hybridization and washing steps.
- DAPI/DuraTect-Solution (MT7) should not be exposed to light, especially strong light, for a longer period of time, i.e., all steps should be accomplished, where possible, in the dark and/or using lightproof containers!

#### Special labelling of ES1:

 $\mathbf{\hat{n}}$ 

EUH208	Contains Pepsin A. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request.

#### Hazard and precautionary statements for PT1, WB1, and WB2:

The hazard determining component is a reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2Hisothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1).

	Warning
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P333+P313	IF skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

#### Hazards and precautionary statements for MT7:

This product is not classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

#### Limitations 7.

- For in vitro diagnostic use.
- For professional use only.
- For non-automated use only.
- The clinical interpretation of any positive staining, or its absence, must be done within the context of clinical history, morphology, other histopathological criteria as well as other diagnostic tests. It is the responsibility of a qualified pathologist/human geneticist to be familiar with the ISH probes, reagents, diagnostic panels, and methods used to produce the stained preparation. Staining must be performed in a certified, licensed laboratory under the supervision of a pathologist/human geneticist who is responsible for reviewing the stained slides and assuring the adequacy of positive and negative controls.

- Specimen staining, especially signal intensity and background staining, is dependent on the handling and processing of the specimen prior to staining. Improper fixation, freezing, thawing, washing, drying, heating, sectioning, or contamination with other specimens or fluids may produce artefacts or false results. Inconsistent results may result from variations in fixation and embedding methods, as well as from inherent irregularities within the specimen.
- The performance was validated using the procedures described in the instruction for use of the respective ZytoVision probe and implementation kit. Modifications to these procedures might alter the performance and have to be validated by the user. This IVD is only certified as CE when used as described in this instruction for use within the scope of the intended use.

#### Interfering substances 8.

Red blood cells present in the specimen might exhibit autofluorescence which hinders signal recognition.

The following fixatives are incompatible with FISH:

- Bouin's fixative
- B5 fixative
- Acidic fixatives (e.g., picric acid) •
- Zenker's fixative
- Alcohols (when used alone)
- Mercuric chloride
- Formaldehyde/zinc fixative
- Hollande's fixative •
- Non-buffered formalin

#### 9. Preparation of specimens

**Recommendations:** 

- Fixation in 10% neutrally buffered formalin for 24 h at room temperature (18-25°C).
- Sample size  $\leq 0.5$  cm<sup>3</sup>.
- Use premium quality paraffin.
- Embedding should be carried out at temperatures lower than 65°C.
- Prepare 2-4  $\mu$ m microtome sections. •
- Use positively charged microscope slides.
- Fix for 2-16 h at 50-60°C.

#### 10. Preparatory treatment of the device

25x Wash Buffer (WB2) is to be pretreated according to the instructions in 11. "Assay procedure". All other kit reagents are ready-to-use. No reconstitution, mixing, or dilution is required.

#### 11. Assay procedure

11.1 Day 1

#### **Preparatory steps**

- Prepare two ethanol series (70%, 90%, and 100% ethanol solutions): 1. Dilute 100% ethanol with deionized or distilled water. These solutions can be stored in suitable containers and can be re-used.
- 2 Heat Pretreatment Solution Citric (PT1): Warm to 98°C.
- 3. Wash Buffer SSC (WB1): Bring to room temperature (RT). WB1 may form precipitates at 2-8°C, which do not affect the quality and should dissolve when heated.
- 4. ZytoLight FISH Probe: Bring to RT before use, protect from light.

#### Optional, when performing post-fixation step:

(strongly recommended if tissue fixation is not optimal) Prepare a 1% Formaldehyde solution using the Formaldehyde Dilution Buffer Set (PT-0006-100)

#### Pretreatment (dewax/proteolysis)

- Incubate slides for 10 min at 70°C (e.g., on a hot plate). 1.
- 2 Incubate slides for 2x 10 min in xylene.
- 3. Incubate in 100%, 100%, 90%, and 70% ethanol, each for 5 min.
- 4. Wash 2x 2 min in deionized or distilled water. 5.
- Incubate for 15 min in pre-warmed Heat Pretreatment Solution Citric (PT1) at 98°C.

We recommend not to use more than eight slides per staining jar.

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- **6.** Transfer slides immediately to deionized or distilled water, wash for 2x 2 min and drain off or blot off the water.
- Apply (dropwise) <u>Pepsin Solution</u> (ES1) to the specimens and incubate for 15 min at 37°C in a humidity chamber.

#### ES1 may form precipitates, which do not affect the quality.

Depending on multiple factors, e.g. nature and duration of fixing, thickness of sections, and nature of tissue/cells, different incubation times may be required. As an incubation guideline, we recommend an incubation time of 2-30 min for tissue samples and 2-15 min for cell samples. As a general rule, we recommend to ascertain the optimum time for proteolysis in pretests.

8. Wash for 5 min in Wash Buffer SSC (WB1).

#### Optional, when performing post-fixation step:

Incubate slides for 15 min in 1% Formaldehyde solution and wash subsequently for 5 min in <u>Wash Buffer SSC</u> (**WB1**)

- 9. Wash for 1 min in deionized or distilled water
- 10. Dehydration: in 70%, 90%, and 100% ethanol, each for 1 min

11. Air dry sections.

Note: Make sure to completely dry sections prior to probe application since residual moisture may reduce signal intensity and/or affect tissue morphology.

#### Denaturation and hybridization

1. Pipette  $10 \,\mu$ l of the <u>Zyto*Light* FISH Probe</u> onto each pretreated specimen.

Avoid long exposure of the probe to light.

2. Cover specimens with a 22 mm x 22 mm coverslip (avoid trapped bubbles) and seal the coverslip.

We recommend using rubber cement (e.g., Fixogum Rubber Cement) for sealing.

- **3.** Place slides on a hot plate or hybridizer and denature specimens for 10 min at 75°C.
- **4.** Transfer the slides to a humidity chamber and hybridize overnight at 37°C (e.g., in a hybridization oven).

It is essential that the tissue/cell samples do not dry out during the hybridization step.

## 11.2 Day 2

#### Preparatory steps

 Preparation of 1x Wash Buffer A: Dilute 1 part <u>25x Wash Buffer A</u> (WB2) with 24 parts deionized or distilled water. Fill three staining jars with the 1x Wash Buffer A and pre-warm it to 37°C.

Diluted 1x Wash Buffer A is stable for one week when stored at 2-8°C.

 <u>DAPI/DuraTect-Solution</u> (MT7): Bring to room temperature before use, protect from light.

#### Post-hybridization and detection

- 1. Carefully remove the rubber cement or glue.
- Remove the coverslip by submerging in 1x Wash Buffer A at 37°C for 1-3 min.
- 3. Wash using 1x Wash Buffer A for 2x 5 min at 37°C.

The 1x Wash Buffer A should be pre-warmed. Check with a thermometer if necessary.

- 4. Incubate the slides in 70%, 90%, and 100% ethanol, each for 1 min.
- **5.** Air dry the samples protected from light.
- Pipette 25 μl <u>DAPI/DuraTect-Solution</u> (MT7) onto the slides. Avoiding trapped bubbles, cover the samples with a coverslip (24 mm x 60 mm). Incubate in the dark for 15 min.

Using a pipette tip which has been cut off to increase the size of the opening, can make the pipetting process easier. Avoid long exposure to light.

7. Store the slide in the dark. For longer storage periods, this should take place at 2-8°C.

**8.** Evaluation of the sample material is carried out by fluorescence microscopy. Filter sets for the following wavelength ranges are required:

Fluorescent dye	Excitation	Emission
ZyBlue	418 nm	467 nm
ZyGreen	503 nm	528 nm
ZyGold	532 nm	553 nm
ZyOrange	547 nm	572 nm
ZyRed	580 nm	599 nm

#### 12. Interpretation of results

With the use of appropriate filter sets in interphases or metaphases of normal cells or cells without aberrations of chromosomes, two signals per probe/fluorescence label appear, except for probes targeting X and/or Y chromosomes, resulting in none to two signals per probe/fluorescence label, depending on the gender. In cells with chromosomal aberrations, a different signal pattern can be visible in interphases or metaphases. For more details on the interpretation of results, please refer to the respective probe manual.

#### 13. Recommended quality control procedures

Refer to the instructions for use of the respective ZytoVision probe.

#### 14. Performance characteristics

Refer to the instructions for use of the respective ZytoVision probe.

## 15. Disposal

The disposal of reagents must be carried out in accordance with local regulations.

## 16. Troubleshooting

Any deviation from the operating instructions can lead to inferior staining results or to no staining at all. Please refer to <u>www.zytovision.com</u> for more information.

# Weak signals or no signals at all

Possible cause	Action	
Cell or tissue sample not fixed properly	Optimize fixing time and fixative or apply a post-fixation step as described in "assay procedure" of the manual of the <u>Zyto<i>Light</i> FISH-Tissue</u> <u>Implementation Kit</u>	
Proteolytic pretreatment not carried out properly	Optimize pepsin incubation time, increase or decrease if necessary	
Probe evaporation	When using a hybridizer, the use of the wet stripes/water filled tanks is mandatory. When using a hybridization oven, the use of a humidity chamber is required. In addition, the coverslip should be sealed completely, e.g., with Fixogum, to prevent drying-out of the sample during hybridization	
Inappropriate filter sets used	Use filter sets appropriate for the fluochromes of the probe. <i>Triple-bandpass filter sets provide less</i> <i>light compared to single or dual-</i> <i>bandpass filter sets. Consequently,</i> <i>the signals may appear fainter using</i> <i>these triple-bandpass filter sets</i>	

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Cross hybridization signals; noisy background

Possible cause	Action
Incomplete dewaxing	Use fresh solutions; check duration of dewaxing
Proteolytic pretreatment too strong	Reduce pepsin incubation time
Slides cooled to room temperature before hybridization	Transfer the slides quickly to 37 °C

#### Morphology degraded

Possible cause	Action
Cell or tissue sample has not been fixed properly	Optimize fixing time and fixative or apply a post-fixation step as described in "assay procedure" of the manual of the <u>Zyto Light FISH-Tissue</u> <u>Implementation Kit</u>
Proteolytic pretreatment not carried out properly	Optimize pepsin incubation time, decrease if necessary
Insufficient drying before probe application	Extend air-drying

#### Overlapping nuclei

Possible cause	Action
Inappropriate thickness of tissue sections	Prepare 2-4 $\mu$ m microtome sections

#### Specimen floats off the slide

Possible cause	Action
Proteolytic pretreatment too	Reduce pepsin incubation time

#### Weak counterstain

Possible cause	Action
Low concentrated DAPI solution	Use <u>DAPI/DuraTect-Solution (ultra)</u> (Prod. No. MT-0008-0.8) instead
DAPI incubation time too short	Adjust DAPI incubation time

#### 17. Literature

- Kievits T, et al. (1990) *Cytogenet Cell Genet* **53**: 134-6.
- Wilkinson DG: In Situ Hybridization, A Practical Approach, *Oxford University Press* (1992) ISBN 0 19 963327 4.

#### 18. Revision



www.zytovision.com

Please refer to <u>www.zytovision.com</u> for the most recent instructions for use as well as for instructions for use in different languages.

Our experts are available to answer your questions. Please contact <u>helptech@zytovision.com</u>



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